BY J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. VI RALEIGH, THURSDAY, AUG. 31, 1865. NO. 246.

THE NEWS.

—For Latest News see Fourth Page.

—Mr. Degillad, an informal embassador from Maximilian, attempted to present an informal letter of condolence on the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, to President Johnson, and thereby secure an informal recognition of the Imperial government, but failed, and was formally told that "in these lamps" the United States failed to see that such a man as the Emperor of Mexico existed.

—The new Belgian to minister to the court of our great Republic has been formally presented to the President. His name is Deliope.

—Ketchum's defalcations amount in the aggregate to $4,200,000.

—Mr. Wm. P. Johnson, brother of the President, and an old citizen of Bratonia county, Texas, has been appointed Surveyor of Customs at Velasco.

—The funeral expenses of President Lincoln are now being paid from the Interior Department.

—Previous to his departure for Washington, Gen. Grant remarked to a party of friends that sufficient evidence had been adduced in the late Conspiracy trial, and since received by the Government, to convict Jeff Davis of complicity in the assassination plot, and that the fate of the conspirators settled that of the arch-traitor.

—It is stated that Robert S. Newell, (Orpheus C. Kerr) is engaged in writing a life of Edgar A. Poe, for which he has long been collecting material.

—The people of Arkansas refuse to take the national currency, considering it as worthless as their own rebel trash, or more so. They are confirmed in this belief by the fellow Burrows, the ex-Rebel General, who is down there spouting treason and firing the Southern heart.

—Commodore Leon Smith has arrived at Galveston from Mexico, and reports that the manner of the warfare carried on between the Liberals and Imperialists as perfectly horrible. No prisoners are taken on either side.

—In Virginia alone, it is stated that nearly three thousand five hundred pardons have passed through the Attorney General's office, and been forwarded to the President. Most of them are still lying unsigned on his table.

Gen. Edward Johnston, late of the Confederate army, has been in Richmond, purchasing stock, farming utensils, &c., preparatory to engaging in planting on his farm in Chesterfield. Gen. Harry T. Hays and Gen Daniel Adams have returned to New Orleans. Major General Dabney H. Maury advertises that he will open a classical and mathematical school in Fredericksburg.

—The foreign immigration to the United States for the six months ending with June comprised nearly 70,000 persons of whom 42,000 are males.

—A few weeks since, when Consul General Potter returned from Detroit, an excited mob collected in the neighborhood of his office and counseled the propriety of pulling down his flag and mobbing his office. News of the excitement reached St. Lawrence Hall, where "Hangman Foote" of Tenn., was sitting, in company with other southerners On hearing the account of the intention of the mob, Foote sprang up and declared his intention of going to the Consul's office to defend the flag. "We've had our own fight over it," said he, "but by G——, no d——d foreigner shall tear it down, unless over my dead body."

—The mail system in the South is fast undergoing restoration. Mails were sent Ssuth from Washington yesterday for all points on the continuous line of railway from that city to Lynchburg.

—The democratic committee called a Convention in Iowa of those favoring President Johnson's policy, and opposed to colored suffrage in that State. This does not suit the ultra-copperheads, and De Grand Byington and others have issued a call for those in favor of the "revival of the democratic party as it was before the late abolition war," to meet in State convention at Iowa City, on the 17th of next month.

—The Nashville *Union* says that one of the largest and finest rolling mills in the United State is already in operation in Chattanooga, Tenn., which is easily turning out the best quality of railroad iron. A blast furnace is in contemplation, and a copper rolling mill of $1,000, 000, capital is soon to be put up in the neighborhood. A large blast furnace will be commenced in the Fall on the Tennessee river above Chattanooga. Several coal companies are only waiting for machinery to commence operations in different localities around the place. The old coal mines are being re-worked and new ones opened

—The Richmond *Republic* announces as about to appear, Circular No. 1 of Gen. O. O. Howard, Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, which sets apart for the use of loyal refugees and freedmen certain tracts or parcels of land and other property within the State of Virginia, to which the United States have acquired title by confiscation. These lands, embracing thousands of acres, lie in the Counties of Loudon, Fairfax, Elizabeth City, Prince William, Warwick, York, Norfolk, and the cities of Norfolk and Portsmouth; and the *Republic* says it will be the first of an extensive series of similar publications.

—Three children of Jeff. Davis—two boys and a girl—arrived at Albany on the morning of the 15th inst., on the steamer St. John, stopped at the Delevan house for a few hours, and left on the Rensselaer and Saratoga railroad for Montreal. They were accompanied by the mother of Mrs. Davis, a white servant girl and a white servant. The evening *Journal* says that a large crowd was attracted to the Delevan House, where quite a disgusting scene took place. A number of women went in, and, amidst the most extravagant professions of delight and affection, repeatedly kissed the children."

THE CITY.

Advertisers.—We have to request our advertising friends to hand in their favors as early as practicable in the afternoon. The morning hours are best, but they ought to send them, when possible, at least as early as three or four o'clock p. m.

Raleigh From a New Stand Point.—It is just now quite interesting to collect from different sources the views presented of our city and its people. In the future, the scrapiana of the present will be of use as the most authentic because contemporaneous history of the modification in Southern society, in a legal sense, which has resulted from the war.

The latest leaf we have seen is found in a letter from C. W. Reade, the Pastor of the African church here, to the Christian *Recorder*, printed at Philadelphia. He thus records his arrival here, with the impressions of the people and our oak village.

After Bro. Croom's sermon, I made a few remarks by way of introduction, informing them that on the Sabbath I would assume the charge, and would be pleased to talk to them. After shaking the hands of many new acquaintances, we parted for the night.

The Sabbath came, and it was a glorious day.—On going to the Church, we found it well filled with children and adults. From 400 to 500 were present; both white and colored. After the school was concluded, our morning service, commencing at eleven o'clock, began. The people came pouring in from all directions, till the house was well filled. Some 10 or 1208 persons being there. We also had a large military representation. Several officers, with more than 100 privates, all white, helped to swell the throng. The reason for our having so many white soldiers present, is, that this city is garrisoned exclusively with white troops.

"I never spent, among strangers, a more pleasant Sabbath. Every one seemed to make me welcome. A more generous and hospitable people cannot be found than here in Raleigh. My membership is quite large, and my congregation, for intelligence, dress, and good deportment, will compare favorably with the most of our Northern Churches, and I think excel some, considering the many disadvantages these people had to undergo. I find in the people here a thirst for knowledge and education not to be surpassed. They exhibit a very high moral tone of character. The citizens live very well, having everything to eat in abundance. Fruit of all kinds, vegetables, and all good things abound here. To say that there are no cases of suffering in the city, would be false.—But while this is the fact, let me tell you that it is because of the great influx from the country, both of white and colored. I can safely say, that more whites than colored are of the class who suffer.

A Good Sell.—Last Monday evening a well dressed individual registered at the Exchange Hotel as the foreshadow or precursor of "Fighting Joe Hooker," for whom he bespoke rooms. He announced to the gusts of the establishment that the hero of Chancellorsville and Marye's heights was *en route* for the oken city and would probably arrive next day. Of course such a proclamation created no small degree of interest, civilian and citizen, masculine and feminine, were all on the *qui vive*. Yesterday, however, expectation received a stunning blow from the prolonged absence of "ye herald" gentleman, who had vamoosed for parts unknown without even so much as taking his leave of the proprietors. There is only one method of accounting for the stranger's proceedings.—He probably heard news that the enemy were in front, and like a faithful subordinate and good soldier has gone to warn his chief.

We take the liberty of saying if this should visit his eye, that it is not every one who has the genius to conceive and execute such a masterly movement against both flanks, as well as front and rear of the "Exchange," and if he will only return a testimonial supper will be given him by subscription.—"Come back, come back, Stephen."

Baptist Association.—Quite a number of Baptist Association are to assemble during the next month. The Three Fork Association meets tomorrow, with Rev. J. H. Farthing as Moderator and R. Moore, clerk.

On Friday of next week, the Roah Mountain Association will convene, as will also the Salem Association, Rev. Jas. Blythe, Moderator, and J. H. Allen, of Hendersonville, Clerk.

The Pamlico Association meets with Zion Church in Scotland Neck, Halifax county, on Thursday before the 3rd Sabbath in September. Rev. T. R. Owen, Moderator; E. P. Powell, Dawson's Cross Roads, Clerk.

The Raleigh Association meets with the church at Ephesus, on Tuesday before the 3rd Sabbath in October. Rev. A. D. Blackwood, Moderator; D. B. Holland, Clerk. Rev. P. W. Dowd has been appointed to preach the Missionary sermon at 11 o'clock on Wednesday, and Rev. J. Howell, to preach the introductory.

The Briar Creek Association meets on Saturday before the 4th Sabbath in September. Rev. S. D. Swain, Moderator; R. W. Wooten, Zimmerman, N. C., Clerk.

Labor Omnia Vincit.—We hear from a semi-official source that Capt. McIver has resolved upon a new and more efficient system of punishment for the sable "freemen" who come before him for infraction of the rules of right. Instead of a few hours of thumb-suspension, when guilty, he will make a chain-gang of the culprits and place them at work on the street and elsewhere for a period which will be varied according to the nature of the offence. It strikes us that the idea is a capital one, and while not seemingly so harsh, will be far more repulsive to the negroes than the old method. It is practical, too, because those who indulge themselves in peccadilloes, will thus contribute by their moral filthiness to the physical cleanliness of the town.

Naked Genius.—Messrs. Wm. B. Smith & Co., of the Southern Field and Fireside Puplishing House in this city, have put us a neatly printed volume of 160 pages, with the title above, being a compilation of poems, reputedly, the production of George Moses Horton, who has won the soubriquet "the colored bard of North Carolina. The publishers now have it on their counter ready for delivery and we promise those who wish something attractive a treat in its perusal. Its defects are sometimes very glaring, but amend is made for such imperfection by some passages which have in them the ring of true poetry. It is a volume which will be very generally read, we predict, from the fact that it is a colored man—a class of people who have contributed nothing to literature.

Patriotic.—A large and elegant "star spangled banner" has been purchased by the new proprietors of the Exchange Hotel, and yesterday it floated majestically to the breeze. It is their intention to resume the time honored custom of displaying the national colors on public occasions, and in case of distinguished arrivals. Success to them we say.

Gold in the Cards.—We have a large lot of fine paper on hand, and can print military blanks, court blanks, circulars, catalogues, &c., at the shortest notice, and at northern prices.

Also a large lot of cards on hand, which we can print at from $5 to $8 a thousand. Orders solicited at Progress Office.

Painting.—Ornamental and Frescoe Painting done by Lewis Fenone.

W. & W. R. R. Company.—The election of General Superintendent of the Weldon and Wilmington Railroad will take place to-morrow. We hear a number of gentleman mentioned in connection with the position, so that the Board of Directors will have only one difficulty—that of discriminating between so many worthy and competent applicants.

Fresh Mullets.—Yesterday for the first time this season, we saw in market a lot of fish from the sea-side. They went off like hot cakes at tolerable fair prices and a gentleman who breakfasted on them assures us that their delicate taste would make you live a week in a day.

Cotton.

We extract the following from the Washington *Chronicle*.

About one thousand bales of Government cotton sold in New York on Tuesday, at prices ranging from 24 to 48 cents per pound. The following statement is from the *Herald*:

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Quality.	No. of bales.	Name of buyer.	Price.
Middling fair	1	Foster	48
Middling fair	20	Foster	45½
Low middling	99	Easton	42
Good ordinary	149	Bt. Pinking	40½
Ordinary	50	Flynn	38
Ordinary	89	Dr. Pinkney	38
Low ordinary	53	Amery	34½
Retailed	157	Flynn	36½
Pickings	50	Mills Co.	18¼
Pickings	39	Murphy & Co.	17
Low Pickings	1	Baily	⅜

NORTH CAROLINA COTTON.

Middling	15	Candon	46
Low middling	39	Foster	43
Good ordinary	53	B. & Pinkney	40½
Ordinary	24	Baldwin	37
Retailed	40	Balwin	33¾
Retailed	50	Fornaty	33½
Retailed	90	Maphott & Co	34
Pickings	2	Gogarty	14
Low Pickings	30	Gority	½

These high prices for the great Southern staple ought to stimulate enterprise in that quarter to a degree transcending anything heretofore known. It may be hoped that whites and blacks will be awakened to a perception of the splendid opportunity which is presented for retrieving the losses of the past four years. No one need be afraid that too much cotton will be planted next spring; and all may be assured of remunerative prices. The crop of the present year will be trifling, and will not reduce prices.—Next year, at least half a crop, measured by the standard of that of 1859, as reported in the Census, ought to be made; and even then the price would remain at more than double the rates formerly received. No people in the world, therefore, have so fine a field for agricultural investment as those of the South. When they received but ten cents per pound for cotton they were growing rich faster than the tillers of the soil in any other part of the world ever did, and now they can command forty cents for the growing crop, and not less than twenty-five cents for that to be planted next spring.

There is but one obstacle in the way of a speedy restoration of Southern wealth and prosperity, and that is a spirit of disaffection toward the Government of the United States, and a proneness to resist its efforts for the restoration of peace and order. Let them be faithful to their newly-plighted vows, and at the same time act with justice and kindness toward the emancipated blacks, and the end of another year will bring them a degree of independence and luxury which the people of no country but this enjoy. But these are the essential conditions. They must make up their minds that if they persist in the practice of cruelty and injustice to the slaves, the latter will persist in their aversion to labor on the plantations.

No doubt both parties are to blame for the disorder which prevails, but the superior race, with its intelligence and habit of command, cannot escape the heaviest responsibility. Wherever great disorder exists, in nine times out of ten the fault is with the whites, who are not willing to acknowledge the freedom of the blacks and to pay them wages. There are cases doubtless, where the negroes have been stimulated to take an air of defiance, and perhaps, to commit outrages, by a class of men who assume to be their peculiar friends. But these instances are rare, and the rule is, that the provocation arises from the ungovernable temper of the whites, who resent, as a mortal affront, the presence of their late slaves, now made free by the General Government. They must get over this feeling, or make up their minds to spend the remainder of their days amid scenes of anarchy, violence, and poverty.

The Teeth Often Die—long before the system looses its youthful vigor—this should not be so. To prevent this species of necrosis use Fragrant Sozodont. It keeps the dental bone alive, the enamel spotless, the gum rosy and elastic. the breath pure and the mouth clean.

MARKET REPORT

CORRECTED DAILY BY

E. A. WHITAKER.

Grocer and Dealer in Provisions.

Apples—Dried, $1 25 per bushel,
" Green, $2 00 per bushel,
Bacon—Firm, sales at 25@26c per lb.
Beef—10c per lb.
Butter—35c per lb. scarce.
Cheese—40c per lb.
Chickens—30 a 35c a piece.
Coffee—50c per lb.
Corn—$1 00 per bushel.
Eggs—40 a 50c per dozen.
Flour—Superfine $11 per bbl.;
Hides—Green 10c.
" Dry 15c.
Honey—in comb, 25 to 30c per lb.
Lamb—12½@15c per lb.
Lard—25c per lb.
Meal—$1 15 per bushel.
Mullets—None,
Mackerel—$20 per bbl.
Onions—$3 00 per bushel.
Peaches—dried 10c per lb.
Peas—White $100; Stock 90 to $1; Garden 40c per peck.
Potatoes—Irish $1 00 per bush.
" Sweet, new, $2 per bushel.
Sugar—Crushed 50c per lb; Brown 25c
Syrup—40c@50 per gallon.
Soda—Cooking, 25c per pound.
Salt—$2 00 per bushel.
Tallow—10c@12½ per lb.
Herrings—$14 per bbl.
Rice—15c per lb.
Candles—Adamantine, 40c lb per box.
Soap—Turpentine, 20c per lb.
Bluestone—50c per lb.

Funeral Notice.

The Funeral Service of WM. H. MARCOM will take place at the Baptist Church this Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

Friends and acquaintances of the deceased are invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LEWIS FENONE,

FRESCOE AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,

Has located in Raleigh, and offers his services to the public.

GILDING, LETTERING, &c.,

Done in the best style.

Orders for work solicited. May be seen at Exchange Hotel. aug31-2w

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

Granville County, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of the new Institution will open on the first Wednesday in October next. For particulars see Circular, or address

Rev. C. B. RIDDICK,
aug31-1m Kittrell's Springs.

SEED WHEAT.

600 BUSHELS RED WHEAT, plump grain, and free from disease of every kind, which I will sell for seed. Price $3 per bushel.

R. A. JENKINS,
aug31-1w Williamsboro, N. C.

GREAT INDUCEMENT.

I WILL sell a bargain, for cash or on time, in a FARM at Williamsboro' of 340 acres land. Good improvements. A Tobacco Factory and fixtures to work 25 hands. 80,000 pounds Leaf Tobacco and 60 to 70,000 pounds to work on shares. I wish to sell all together.

R. A. JENKINS,
aug31-1w Williamsboro, N. C.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.

8 DOZ. WEEDING HOES, Nos. 1, 2 and 3—Elwell's, Slocum's, and other makes.
30 pair Hooks and Hinges, assorted sizes
500 Carriage Bolts, do. do.
12 pair Sad Irons
2 doz. Frying Pans
20 Steel Corn Mills—something new
5000 papers Cut Tacks, assorted sizes
50 papers Carpet Tacks
10 dozen Mill Saw Files
5 do Flat Bastard Files
5 do Half-round Files
5 do Three cornered Files
20 do Hand-saw Files
3 do Nail Claw Hammers
2 do Cast Steel Lathing Hatchets
10 do Cast Butt Hinges
10 gross Wood Screws, assorted sizes
10 dozen Augers
10 do Knives and Forks
10 do Pocket Knives
4 do pairs of Scissors
15 do Table Spoons
15 do Tea Spoons
100 pounds Swedes Iron Horse shoe Nails
10 dozen Gimblets, assorted sizes
5 do Auger Bitts, with Braces
5 do Boxwood Pocket Rules
3 do Butcher Knives
2 do Chest Locks
20 do Pad, Draw and Cupboard Locks
4 do pairs Snuffers
15 do Cast Steel Axes
200 kegs Cut Nails, assorted sizes—daily expected
ALSO on hand, a large assortment of Rim Locks, Five-plate Locks, Horse Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Coffee Mills, Polished Shovels, and 1 cask Hammered Wrought Nails.
Just received and for sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
Raleigh, Aug. 30 tf Commission Merchants.

Goodspeed Steamship Line

BETWEEN N. YORK AND NEWBERN.

THE A NO. 1 FINE STEAMSHIP

EL CID.

BACKINS - - - - - Commander,

Will sail directly for New York on SATURDDAY, September 2, at 5½ P. M.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply at W. H. Oliver & Co.'s Brick Store, foot of Craven street, to
aug30 4t C. P. GOODSPEED, Agent.

The steamer D. H. Mount will follow the El Cid, and sail from this port at 5½ o'clock on Saturday, Sept. 9.

TERMS.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, 1 Year	$10 00	Daily, 1 Month	$1 00
" 6 Months	5 00	Weekly, 1 Year	3 00
" 3 Months	3 00	" 6 Months	1 50

Must be paid in advance in all cases or the paper will not be sent; and the paper will be stopped when the time paid for expires, unless renewed.

NEWSBOYS AND NEWS DEALERS.

Will be furnished at the rate of $5 per hundred copies. All orders must be accompanied by the money.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Ordinary advertisements, occupying not more than ten lines solid minion, or one inch space

1 insertion	$1 00	2 Weeks	$6 00
2 "	1 50	1 Month	10 00
3 "	2 00	2 Months	15 00
4 "	2 50	3 "	20 00
5 "	3 00	6 "	30 00
1 Week	3 50	1 Year	50 00

Larger advertisements, where no contract is made, will be charged in exact proportion.

YEARLY CONTRACTS

Will be made in accordance with the following schedule

1	column,	1	Month.	$30 00	1-4	col.	6	Months...	$100 00
1-2	"	1	"	45 00	1-2	"	6	" ...	140 00
1	"	1	"	60 00	1	"	6	" ..	150 00
1-4	"	3	"	50 00	1-4	"	1	Year.....	175 00
1-2	"	3	"	75 00	1-2	"	1	"	200 00
1	"	3	"	100 00	1	"	1	"	300 00

Only those who contract for one-fourth, one-half, or a column, for one, three, six, or twelve months, will receive the benefit of these terms.

Contract advertisers must pay by the month, and all others in advance.

All advertisements [illegible] and no advertisement will be inserted "till forbid."

Advertisements inserted once, twice or three times a week will be charged One Dollar a square for every insertion.

OUR CIRCULATION

Is larger in the city and throughout the State than any other paper in North Carolina. The *Progress* is read in the camp and among the people by a much larger number of persons than any other paper, and hence its importance as an advertising medium should not be overlooked by business men.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Special Notices will be set in minion, leaded, and inserted under the *Special Notice* head, and One Dollar Square charged for every insertion.

LOCAL COLUMN.

Only short notices will be admitted to the Local Column, at the following rates:

One Line, One Day	$1 00	Three Lines, One Day	$2 00
Two Lines, "	1 50	Five Lines, "	2 50

Ten Lines, or more, at the rate of Twenty-five Cents a Line for each insertion.

FUNERAL NOTICES, MARRIAGES, &c.

Will be charged same as Advertisements, and must be paid for when handed in, or they will not appear.

The above Rates will be adhered to in all cases, and as we have to pay cash for everything in our business, we must demand cash.

June, 26, 1865. J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

TO SUBSCRIBERS AND ADVERTISERS.

We have to pay cash for paper, ink and labor, and we must have more cash from those for whom we work or we cannot pay our current expenses. We know there is but little money in circulation, but there are but few persons who want a newspaper that cannot spare the money to pay for it. Persons seeing their paper marked must remit the money or it will be stopped.

Advertisers must pay in advance for all transient matter, and business men who advertise regularly will be expected to pay their bills monthly.

Job Printing must be paid for when delivered.

J. L. P. & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CANVAS HAMS, BACON SIDES, &C.

2,000 POUNDS BACON SIDES, bright
1,000 do do do dark
1,000 do do do clear
3 tierces Choice Sugar-Cured Hams, extra
2 firkins Lard 300 lbs each
25 kegs do 50 do do
25 pails do 30 do do
5,000 pounds Prime Shoulders
1 chest Black Tea
700 pounds North Carolina Hams
500 do do do Sides
1,500 do do do Shoulders
For sale by B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
aug30-tf Commission Merchants.

WIRE, NAIL ROD AND SHEET IRON.

1000 POUNDS WIRE, running from No. 6 to 26.
2000 do Nail Rod Iron
2000 do Sheet do
2000 do Plantation do, from 3 to 8 inches wide
500 do Horse-shoe Iron
4000 do Shovel-plate Iron
For sale by B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
aug30-tf Commission Merchants.

JUST RECEIVED,

AT 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH—Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Paint Brushes
Blacksmith's Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Hammers
Stocks and Dies, Files and Borax
A general assortment of IRON and STEEL
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS in great variety.
D. T. CARRAWAY,
With Hart & Lewis

TAILORS, ATTENTION!

C. HARRISS, one door above the Progress office, has employment for an additional number of journeyman Tailors. Five good "Coat hands" can obtain employment by applying immediately. Females, well recommended, may apply. aug30-tf

N. C. COMMISSION HOUSE.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The undersigned have established a Commission and Forwarding House in Wilmington, and offer their services for the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Cotton Yarns, Tobacco, Bacon, Flour, &c., &c., and to purchase for merchants or others any goods sold in this market. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.

W. S. G. ANDREWS, of Goldsboro. BENJ. H. BARDIN, Lowell Cotton Mills.

Office—No 2 South Water st., up stairs.
aug29-1m*

For New York Direct.

The Fast Sailing Steamship

'CAROLINA,'

PHILLIPS - - - - Commander,

WILL SAIL FROM MOREHEAD CITY, FOR THE above port on SATURDAY, Sept. 2d, on the arrival of the [illegible] Raleigh.

[illegible] accommodations,
apply to G. W. DILL,
jy 20-td Opposite Gaston House, Newbern.

GLUE!

GLUE!!

GLUE!!!

FROM 15 to 25 cents per pound. Sold by
C. W. ROSE & CO.,
aug29-tf 35 Craven street, Newbern.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THURSDAY, AUG. 31, 1865.

A PUBLICATION recently started in this city which promised in its prospectus to be a faithful pattern of the *old* "National Intelligencer," but which in reality is nothing more nor less than the *Confederate* revived, advocates the payment of the debt of sixteen millions dollars created for the prosecution of the rebellion; and even goes on to assert that the State will be *disgraced* and her *honor* tarnished if these bonds, issued to assist traitors to break up the government, and which are mostly in the hands of unprincip'ed speculators who have done all they could to destroy the Union, are not paid.

What a spectacle! A people who acknowledge they are guilty of treason in having made an unjustifiable attempt to destroy the government, while in the very act of receiving mercy and pardon from those who administer that government, talk of levying taxes to redeem bonds issued to prosecute the treasonable work! And this in the face of the declaration of the President that all rebel Governors, Legislatures and Acts passed for the prosecution of the rebellion, must be repudiated by States seeking re-admission into the Union. How are the people of North Carolina any more bound to redeem the State bonds, issued for war purposes, than they are to assist in redeeming the promises-to-pay of Memminger? If the debts created by the State to pay troops, buy munitions of war, pay foreign agents, run the blockade for the benefit of dishonest, pampered office holders, and to aid and assist generally in the prosecution of the rebellion are to be paid, to be recognized as binding and valid, why repudiate the ordinance of secession and the Confederacy? If gentlemen want to save the *honor* of the State by redeeming the pledges of an irresponsible State government, made to prosecute a treasonable war upon the general government, why not cling to Davis and his "confederacy," and if they must fall, go down with harness on their backs?

The bonds are just, the debt is binding, and the blood-sucking speculators who hold them ought to be paid, because the debt was contracted in good faith! Justice demands it! Such is the reasoning. If all damages that have been done by the rebellion, which the holders of these bonds and their partizans started and kept going, are to be paid, who is to pay for the houses burned? who is to pay for the farms and property laid waste? who is to restore the husband to the heart-broken wife? who is to restore the son to the doting mother? who is to give consolation to the broken-hearted widows and suffering orphans that have been made what they are by the treason of those who would now tax the labor of these helpless ones to redeem the bonds in the hands of unprincipled speculators? We have all been losers by the war to a greater or less extent, and every citizen must pocket what falls to his lot. It has been light upon the bond holders, because as a general thing they have lost nothing else. Union men have lost their sons and it is but fair that secessionists and traitors loose their money. They are responsible for all we have suffered, and any attempt to force a bleeding people to redeem the bogus promises-to-pay which they hold against the State would cause another revolution. So let the Convention act wisely, and when it meets and declares void the ordinance of secession passed by the Convention of 1861, let it also repudiate all acts of the Convention or Legislatures issuing bonds for the purpose of prosecuting the rebellion. Under no circumstances will the people of North Carolina consent to pay these bonds, and the general government would not let them do it if they would.

We publish a paragraph from the article alluded to, which proposes to tax the people of this State to redeem bonds to the amount of sixteen millions:

"Repudiation we believe to be wholly at war with the temper and spirit of our people. The conduct of Mississippi years ago in repudiating a debt brought upon her by the infidelity of her agents, made her an offense and a by-word to North Carolina. The connection of Mr. Jefferson Davis with that affair, always constituted a serious objection to him as a leader. Indeed the spirit of repudiation which infused itself into the late Confederate Congress, unsettled the faith of our people in that government and made many indifferent and doubtful of its success. Shall North Carolina repudiate—ignore a just debt contracted by her people or her constituted authorities? The very thought is humiliating, withering. Nor does it do to say, that the debt was illegal, that the authorities had no right to contract it. The question is was the debt contracted under her assumed authority? Did her creditors furnish the *quid pro quo*, believing she was sane and capable of acting for herself? The same question is equally forcible in regard to County or individual debts. But it is said, the State and the people are not able to pay these debts. The abolition of slavery and the ruin of their property disqualifies them—renders them unable. If that be really true, then acknowledge your poverty, but never yield to the temptation of dishonesty. It is no crime to be poor, but it is to be dishonest. What is to be done then? Why do as all honest creditors do. Render up your schedule honestly, fairly and satisfy your creditors by an honorable compromise. The plea to repudiate the war debt is no worse morally—no worse in the sight of God, than it is to repudiate the old debt. We are just as unable to pay at maturity the old debt as the war debt. If we must acknowledge ourselves either a bankrupt or a scoundrel, pray let us choose the former."

"Ignore a just debt contracted by her people or her constituted authorities." If the acts of the "constituted authorities" here spoken of are binding, then North Carolina is still a member of the Davis confederacy, and her loyal people have no right to declare otherwise. Have we not been told that we must repudiate those "constituted authorities" and all their acts, looking to the prosecution of the war, before we could again get the protection of the general government? These "constituted authorities" fled from the capitol on the approach of Sherman's army, and have not been seen or heard of since, and the power that forbade our recognizing them will forbid our assuming, in the name of the loyal people of North Carolina, the payment of the debts they contracted.

Make an inventory of our effects, sell the remains which constitutes the stock in hand of the State to make a *pro rata* settlement with the holders of script, issued by traitors to make war on and destroy the government of the United States to which we are now appealing for mercy and pardon. Preposterous! But *pious* speculators, men who have used the surplice to cover treason and keep out of the war, hold quantities of these bonds and it is not strange that these persons should desire to tax the sweat of the widows and orphans of those who have fallen in the service to pay them.

We doubt not but our law-makers will hold that all individual obligations entered into during the war are binding, and that such business must be settled upon a fair and equitable basis; but the people will never consent to be taxed to redeem bonds that were issued for the prosecution of a treasonable rebellion against the government that now offers them succor and protection. And they are hardly in a frame of mind to tolerate any one who shall impugn their honor for refusing to recognize these imaginary liabilities.

If Saved it is by Mercy and not for our Good Works.

The self-righteous leaders of diaffected factions in the South, who think they are to return to the Union as a matter of right and that they will be permitted even to urge insolent demands, had better ponder their situation well and keep their peace; the re-admission of the revolted States is a boon granted by the government, and not a right the States may demand. Organizations are being effected in the southern States and efforts will be made to restore the old intolerant, imperious, domineering "chivalry" to the councils of the nation, but they can never enter there. The injunction of the President to reorganize the State Governments with loyal men only, must he obeyed or our labor will all come to nought.

The following from the New York *Times*, the writer of which is no doubt thoroughly posted as to the purpose of the government, will prove interesting to southern readers, especially to such as expect favor from the Government on account of their merits.

THE GRIP OF THE GOVERNMENT UPON THE REBELLION.—It is an immense practical advantage to the government that the final surrender of the rebellion was unconditional. Had the counsels of those who, during the war, were constantly pressing peace negotiations upon the government prevailed, and had the Jeff. Davis *regime* accepted such terms as might have been offered under that policy the government would not have been, as it now is, master of the situation. The very fact of buying peace concessions—whether those concessions were little or great—would have compromised the sovereignty of the government, and have impaired some of the most essential principles of its existence. It would not simply have left undetermined the great issue of the war—Constitutional supremecy *versus* State independence—but would have been a recognition that it was undeterminable, and that the only practicable method of dealing with it was for each side to yield, to a greater or less extent, as might be agreed upon. This would have entailed endless controversies and dissentions, and all manner of trouble, upon coming generations.

What more directly concerns us, a treaty of peace with the rebellion, would have left the government still exposed to the malignity of its enemies. The terms given the rebellion, at the very least, would have embraced an engagement that the Southern States should at once be restored to all constitutional rights and priveleges, consistent with the Emancipation Proclamation. This must include the right to send Senators and Representatives to Washington. The Jeff. Davis Government, as one of the high contracting parties, of course could not put its hand to any agreement excluding its own past supporters from the right to be thus elected. Congress would have been obliged to accept any who were regularly chosen, contenting itself with simply imposing upon them the oath prescribed by the constitution. Toombs, Benjamin, Jeff. Davis himself might have been sent back to the Senate, and the Senate could not have shut them out without subjecting the government to a charge of bad faith. Under any agreement that the government could possibly have made with Jeff. Davis, he would have had the power of inaugurating the re-union with a retransfer of his political principles to Washington; and the only advantage the government would have gained would have been a change of the fight from the field to the forum. With heavy delegations in Congress, bound to his doctrines and sharing in his spirit; with every State Government of the South compactly organized in his favor, and with the support of the larger part, if not all, of the Copperhead party of the North, he would still have retained a vast power of mischief.

Had the rebellion been induced to throw down its arms by negotiations, it would have engaged itself to loyalty, and rehabilitation would have immediately followed *on that promise*. The engagement might or might not have been carried out by the South in good faith. If it had not been, the government would no longer be in a situation to shield itself. The representatives of the rebel spirit would be installed in their seats in Washington, and State Governments, inspired with the same animus, would be in full operation; and there would have been no power to displace either the former or the latter, so long as they did not directly involve themselves in violent resistance to the national authorities. As it now is, rehabilitation does not depend on a promise of loyalty, but *on the fulfillment of that promise*. The people of the insurrectionary States have now, for the most part, taken the oath of allegiance. But that does not secure to them their old *status* in the Union. They must next make that oath good by appropriate action—such action as will render it clear to the President, to Congress, and to the world, that they have verily repented of their rebellion, and have become loyal citizens, good and true. This will be tested unerringly by their elections this Fall, and by the doings of their constitutional conventions. The Southern people have no claim, or little, of any kind or character, to a voice in the national counsels, and to the re-enjoyment of self-government in their municipal and State relations, until they have first proved themselves worthy of such powers. Their constitutional rights will remain in abeyance, and military rule will continue to restrain them, just so long as the President and Congress remain unsatisfied of their genuine conversion from their late treason. All the facilities which the government has so promptly accorded them, for making their way back to their old position in the Union, have been purely experimental. They in no wise bar the judgment, or bind the hands, of the government. It lies entirely with the government to determine whether it will accept the results or not. If it does not see fit to accept them, if in its estimation, the opportunities which have been granted have not been used in a loyal spirit for loyal ends, it may, without the slightest infringement of good faith, treat all the elections of the South as nullities, just as it did the late election in Richmond; may dissolve the constitutional conventions and all the bodies created by those elections, and may continue the military rule until, in some more auspicious time, new opportunities shall be afforded, and shall be faithfully responded to by the Southern people. This does not depend upon any arbitrary will of the government. There is no alternative. The government, by its oath to "preserve, protect and defend the constitution," is bound to take care that the late rebellious people of the South do not again exercise the powers conferred by that constitution until purged of their hostility to it. The determination of the government to discharge that duty is fixed; and equally fixed is the determination of the loyal people of the land to stand by the government in this work.

We adjure the Southern people to look this fact square in the face. They cannot recover their constitutional powers without first giving a substantial, unmistakable earnest that they will use those powers with absolute fidelity to the Union, and in conformity with the logical consequences and practical results of the war. It is the government that is to be the judge of the character of their action and spirit; and their restoration to civil rights depends exclusively on that judgment. Let them govern themselves accordingly. It will be the height of infatuation in them to be contumacious or factious. Their surrender was unconditional, and the government has a grip upon them which will never be relaxed until they do their duty.

Original Secessionists Not to Enter.

There are many original secessionists living quietly, obeying the laws and eschewing politics, and all such have the respect of all good, loyal citizens; but others, old politicians, and life-long demagogues, are triggering for place and power—traducing loyal men, and insist that they have ever been the best friends of the government.—We have insisted and do now insist that no one who has been conspicous in the prosecution of the war, and the work of secession, should aspire to or accept office for the present; and those of them that have common decency and proper respect for themselves and others, will not do so. Nor will they be allowed to take seats in Congress, should any of the southern people be so indiscreet as to send them there.

The Richmond *Times*, which no doubt speaks by the book, says:

"No man in Virginia, however popular and able, should become a candidate for Congress unless he feels assured that he can find ready admission into Congress. This, *we know*, no original secessionist or prominent confederate officer can do. The perils which environ us require that we should speak upon this subject in the plainest possible language, and we have tried to do so."

Now as this is no doubt a fair expression of the feeling of the government and the members of Congress it will be folly for those who advocated secession in 1860 and helped to inaugurate the war, to present themselves for admission in the national Congress. Let them take back seats for the present, for the power that controls the government of the United States says they shall not occupy seats in the national Congress. Nor should they be admitted to seats in the Conventions or Legislatures.

Some of the representatives of secession sentiment in the south are already calling for a Southern Convention, direct trade with Europe, &c. This is but a revival of the same old song that preceded the eruption in 1861, and the same spirit of fanaticism that prevailed then is visible now. One paper calls for a Southern Convention at Nashville, and another suggests direct trade with Europe, to get clear of the contaminating influence of the "yankees," of course.

A Richmond correspondent of the Baltimore American says that the reasons assigned for General Lee's asking for pardon are all stuff. The application was made before he left Richmond, two months ago, and was done on his own behalf and not on account of others, as has been asserted. He expressed no reluctance to his friends on account of making it. It is a very lengthy document—filling some eighteen folio pages. General Lee does intend going to Richmond, where his house is occupied by a Hebrew family.

Archbishop Kendrick has informed the Catholic clergy of Missouri that they must not take the oath prescribed by the radical State Convention.

The Montreal *Herald* of August seventeenth, say: The preliminary examination of the four prisoners, Walter Clayton, William Ames Blossom, Wayne W. Blossom and Charles Hogan Adams, was brought to a conclusion yesterday afternoon, when the men were fully committed to take their trial at the next Court of Queen's Bench on five charges, namely, one of conspiracy, one of kidnapping, and three of shooting with intent to murder Sanders.

COTTON YARN AND SHEETING.

20 BALES COTTON YARN, running from 7's to 14's
5 do Sheeting
2 do Alamance Plaids
Just received and for sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
aug30-tf Commission Merchants.

BACON! BACON! BACON!

4,000 LBS. PRIME SHOULDERS,
50 boxes Adamantine Candles,
50 reams Wrapping Paper,
20 boxes fine Chewing Tobacco.
aug23-10t B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

FARRISS' COLUMN.

I. X. L.

C. M. FARRISS

Has just returned from the North with a New Stock of

FALL GOODS

Selected Expressly for this Market.

Consisting in part of
BEAVER CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS,
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CASSIMERES,
SILK MIXED CASSIMERES,
TRICOT CASSIMERES,
BLUE CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES OF ALL COLORS!
CORDUROY;
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
GLOVES AND SCARFS.
SHIRTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!
ARMY HATS,
NAVY CAPS,
HALF HOSE,
SUSPENDERS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, NECK TIES,
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS.
SHOULDER STRAPS,
MILITARY BUTTONS,
AND LACES,
SCARF PINS,
SHOES OF ALL KINDS,
TRUNKS AND VALISES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

Done in the very best style by C. M. FARRISS and his Superb Cutter, Mr. GRIFFITH.

SUITS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION made to order at the shortest notice, and in the very best manner.

What you do not see in my store, order and you shall have it in the quickest possible time.

Raleigh, Aug. 28-tf C. M. FARRISS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHARMING NEW BOOK!

IN PRESS: will be issued 1st of October, 1865, by WM. B. SMITH & CO., Field and Fireside Publishing House 58 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C., NAMELESS: by Mrs. Fanny Murdaugh Downing. One volume, 16 mo., fine cloth. Price $2. aug30-tf

*** Editors inserting this advertisement will receive a copy of the work.

CHINA WARE.

A FEW SETTS OF FINE FRENCH GILT CHINA, 42 pieces in a sett. Very low at
aug30 3t No. 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS

Female Collegiate Institute,

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THIS celebrated Watering Place will be opened as an Institution of Learning on the first Wednesday in [illegible] and competent Board of Instructors.

This new Institution furnishes advantages such as are to be found at no other school in the South. The buildings are all new, within a half mile of Kittrell's Depot, on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, and sufficient to accommocate three hundred boarders, besides abundant room for school purposes.

The character of the mineral water found here is too well known to the whole country to need a remark. It has been pronounced by the best scholars and physicians to be equal in its analysis and effects to any in North Carolina or Virginia.

It will be our object to perpetuate here an Institution for the education of females that shall be an ornament to the South; and we have the most gratifying assurances to this effect from every part of the country.

TERMS moderate, (cheap as any school of similar grade) payable one-half in advance, in U. S. currency, or provisions at market rates. Bank notes taken at their market value.

Each young lady will bring with her one pair sheets and towels, with her name marked on them.

aug25-2w C. B. RIDDICK, President,
(Formerly President of Wesley Female College, Murfreesboro, N. C.)

Sentinel and Record please copy for two weeks and send bills to Kittrell's Depot.

DR. B. F. GARDNER,

(Formerly of Texas.)

WOULD respectfully offer his professional services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country.

Office at the residence of Mr. Henry Pennington, near North Carolina depot. aug8-1m*

To the Members of the Approaching Convention.—I shall be a candidate for the Principal Clerkship of the N. C. State Convention which meets in Raleigh on the 2d day of October next.

aug18-td* Respectfully, JAS. H. MOORE.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH
Hart & Lewis,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE, HARDWARE,
Holloware, Crockery and Glassware, Table and Pocket Cuttlery, Cooking Stoves, Lamps, Kerosene Oil, &c.
44 Fayetteville Street. Raleigh, N. C.
je 24-3m

ADOLPH COHN,
WHOLESALE GROCER
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Goldsboro', N. C.

REFERENCE:
Alonzo T. Jerkins, Company Shops, N. C.
Wm. S. Rayner, Baltimore, Md.
McDaniel & Irby, Lynchburg, Va.
jy 14-3m

WANTED TO RENT,

A DWELLING HOUSE, in a healthy and central location. Apply to S. MAXON, Field and Fireside Building, Fayetteville street. aug28-tf

CALL AND GET ONE OF
RICHARDSON'S GOLD CIRCULARS
GIVING THE PRICE OF GOLD
EVERY DAY DURING THE WAR.

If you owe any person--GET ONE.
If any person owes you--GET ONE.

Mailed to any part of the State on receipt of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. Address
W. R. RICHARDSON,
jy 18-tf Raleigh, N. C.

COTTON, COTTON, COTTON.

WANTED TO BUY, for Factory use, 50 to 100 bales good COTTON. It will be to the interest of parties holding Cotton to call on the undersigned.
aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER

HAVE RECEIVED, and will continue to receive, a choice and well selected stock of GOODS, WARES and MERCHANDISE; and have opened their Store (next door to the Express office) and are now ready to supply the demands of their friends and the public.
aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

NEW GOODS.

DRESS GOODS, Calicoes, White Goods, Mourning Goods, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Travelling Satchels, Belts and Belt Ribbon, Cord, Whalebone, Hooks and Eyes, Thread, &c., &c.
aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

SHOES.

A FINE ASSORTMENT for Children, Ladies and Gentlemen. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

GROCERIES.

A CHOICE LOT of Family Groceries, Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Soap, Salt, Pepper, Candles, Vinegar, Spices, Pickles, Canned Fruits, Sauces, Beef Tongues, Boston Butter, Lemon & Fox's Crackers, Wines and Liquors. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

TOBACCO AND SEGARS.

AN excellent article fine cut Solace and Yellow Bank Chewing Tobacco. The choicest and best brands of Cigars. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

FRENCH CONFECTIONARIES.

SUGAR ALMONDS, Cream Dates, Chocolate, Peppermint and Raspberry Drops, Rock Candy, Figs, Citrons, Raisins, Nuts, &c.
aug14 W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

HATS.

WE will open in a few days the most magnificent stock of Hats ever offered in this market.
aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

COME AND SEE.

WOOD and Willow Ware, Bagging, Rope and Twine. Also, Perfumery, Extracts, Soaps and Toilet Articles. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

CALL AT TUCKER'S

FOR anything you want, and you can get supplied.
aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

WOOD FOR THE CAPITOL.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned until 20th September next, to furnish a sufficient quantity of Wood for the use of the public offices in the Capitol and for the State Convention, the ensuing winter and spring.

The wood to be sound oak and hickory, to be delivered and measured in the wood house on the capitol square from time to time as required.

Bidders will state the price per cord at which they will furnish it.

The right of rejecting bids not advantageous to the State is reserved. RUBT. H. BRADLEY,
aug22-t20s Keeper of Capitol.

Dental Notice.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has opened an office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store, where he will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronage. Particular attention paid to the preservation of the natural teeth. Artificial Teeth inserted on the most approved principles of practice.
aug15-4m* J. H. CRAWFORD.

NEWS! NEWS!! NEWS!!
NEW YORK DAILIES
RECEIVED EVERY DAY BY EXPRESS;
—ALSO—
MAGAZINES
AND
All the Popular Periodical Literature of the Day at
THE RALEIGH NEWS AGENTS DEPOT
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
jy 15-tf I. EDWIN WEST, Agent.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.
REAL ESTATE AGENCY.
NORTH CAROLINA ADVERTISER.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED IN the City of Raleigh, an Agency for the purpose of buying and selling Real Estate in North Carolina. In connection therewith, and as auxiliary thereto they will publish a double sheet, twenty-four column weekly newspaper, wherin will be advertised, free of cost, all lands offered for sale through their agency, and which will be devoted to the dissemination of information concerning the agricultural, mineral, manufacturing and other resources of the State. By means of competent Agents in every county they will show the present advancement and special capabilities for future development of each.

It will be found, on investigation, that no State in the Union can present such a combination of advantages as North Carolina. Situated midway between the colder regions of the North and the more tropical climes of the South, its land stretching from the sea-coast to the mountains, yield bountiful returns of cotton, tobacco, rice, grain, fruits, pasturage, grapes and other products, while in its bosom lie rich mines of gold and iron, copper, lead coal, and other minerals, its rivers afford water power sufficient for the most extensive factories, and in its forests are boundless supplies of naval stores, timber and material for tanning. Under the recent change in the system of labor it becomes the interest of proprietors to part with a portion of their real estate, and it is the object of this enterprise, through agencies in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and other chief cities to bring these abundant resources of the State to the notice of men of energy and capital, to get together the seller and the buyer, and to aid in starting North Carolina in a career of prosperity heretofore unknown.

The ADVERTISER will be furnished free of charge to all customers, and to others at One Dollar per annum The first number will be issued by the first of July, or sooner, if the type and necessary material already ordered, can be procured from New York before that time. Those desirous to advertise in the first number will please communicate to the undersigned at once. Moderate commissions will be charged where sales are made.

BATTLE, HECK & CO.,
Raleigh, N. C.

KEMP B. BATTLE.
J. M. HECK.
B. P. WILLIAMSON. je 12-t

All papers in the State copy twice and forwa bills.

E. S. LOUGEE. G. E. LOUGEE.
Lougee & Brother,
(*Successors to W. J. Lougee, Raleigh, N. C.,*)
Dealers in Stoves, Hard and Hollow Ware, and Manufacturers of Copper, Sheet Iron and
TIN WARE.

WILL KEEP ON HAND EVERYTHING IN their line of business, and warrant every article of their make to be of lasting and endurable materials.

HOUSE ROOFING AND REPAIRING

executed with fidelity and despatch.

Trusting that they may sustain the well-earned reputation of this old and popular establishment, of forty years tanding, they respectfully solicit a continuance of that confidence and patronage. jy 6-6m

CARD—LAND AGENCY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING HERETOFORE announced a "General Intelligence and Land Agency," in the city of Raleigh, to commence operations on the 1st inst., have since determined to confine their business to the counties of Wake, Granville and Franklin, in connection with the "N. C. Land Agency" of Messrs. Battle, Heck & Co. We find that we will be unable to give our personal attention to a more extended business of this *particular* character.

We have a general knowledge of the Lands in the above mentioned counties, and a personal acquaintance with most of the desirable tracts.

Landowners, &c., in either of the aforesaid counties, desiring to sell or to gain further information as to the objects of the Agency, will please address us at Raleigh. Meanwhile, attention is directed to the prospectus of Battle, Heck & Co., published in the various papers of the State. RICHARDSON & MILLER.
y 7-tf

DAILY PROGRESS.

THURSDAY, AUG. 31, 1865.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR THE PROGRESS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents for the Progress in their several localities; and they will receive and transmit subscriptions and advertisements at our published rates:

Vestal & Joy, 'Times" office, Newbern, N. C.
J. B. Whitaker Goldsboro', N. C.
T. S. Whitaker, Wilmington, N. C.
Moses A. Smith, Salisbury.
R. M. Brown, New Hill, Wake county, N. C.
S. M. Pettingill & Co., 37 Park Row, New York City, and 10 State street, Boston, Mass.

Other agents will be announced as soon as the arrangements can be made.

Where there are no agents persons can send money by mail. No paper sent until the subscription is paid.

Meeting in St. Mark's District.

A meeting of the citizens of the above named district was held at Mt. Vernon Church on Wednesday, the 23rd inst. On motion, R W Wynne, Esq, was called to the chair and B W. Justice requested to act as Secretary.

The object of the meeting was explained, at the request of the chairman, by B. W. Justice, to be the appointment of delegates from this district to a County Convention, proposed to be held in Raleigh, on the first Saturday in September next, to nominate candidates to represent Wake County in the State Convention.

On motion the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That we approve of the call, recently published in the *Standard*, for a Convention to nominate candidates for the State Convention. It was further agreed, on motion, to appoint a committee of five, who should select three delegates to attend the proposed County Convention; Messrs. B. W. Justice, J. T. Hunter, Thos. Yeargin, R. D. Honeycutt and Thos. Belvin composed the committee. After retiring they reported the following names of delegates: R. W. Wynne, J. T Hunter, and B. W. Justice.—Report was received and adopted.

It was then resolved that the proceedings of this meeting, signed by the Chairman, be sent to be Raleigh papers with request for publication.

On motion adjourned.

R. W. WYNNE, Chm'n.

B. W. Justice, Sec'ry.

United States Marshall for North Carolina.

In referring to the appointment of Mr. Goodloe as United States Marshall for this State, the Washington *Chronicle* says:

The President of the United States has tendered to our fellow citizen, Daniel R. Goodloe, Esq, the responsible post of United States Marshall for the State of North Carolina, and we learn that the appointment has been accepted. There is rare propriety in this selection. Mr. Goodloe is a native of North Carolina, and though for many years a resident at the National Capital, he has cherished the liveliest interest in her welfare, and has always been her staunch and vigilant defender. One of the anti-slavery pioneers, having steadfly maintained his opinions against the bitterest antagonisms and the most proscriptive majorities, he has lived to see the cause for which he labored completely and constitutionally triumphant; and he goes back to his old Southern home on the noble mission of helping her forward in the new and glorious paths of genuine freedom. With our pleasure at Mr. Goodloe's appointment is mingled the regret of separating from a gentleman who, as a member of the editorial staff of the Morning *Chronicle*, contributed so much to strengthen the good cause through these columns, and whose place it will be most difficult to fill.

Crime by Magnetism—A Curious Charge.

The readers of Hawthrone will remember the fanciful idea of the author in the "House of Seven Gables," whereby young *Maule*, the carpenter, holds a malign magnetic influence over the beautiful *Alice Pyncheon*. A similar case in real life has occurred in France lately, if the statement of a correspondent of the London *Times* may be believed:

"An extradiordinary and I believe an unprecedented case has just been tried at the Assizes Court of the Var. A young man of twenty four, named Castellan, presented himself at the house of a respectable farmer named Hugues, and pretending to be deaf and dumb, obtained supper and a night's lodging. In the morning he pursuaded the farmers daughter, a modest girl of twenty six, to run away with him, and the indictment alleged that he obtained an irresistable influence over her entirely by means of magnetism. The moment she came to her senses she was filled with remorse, but whenever he magnetized her she was a mere instrument in his hands, and submitted to whatever he told her. Three doctors of Toulon gave their opinion in accordance with that of Dr. Tardieu, of Paris, and many other medical men of the highest reputation that it is possible, by means of what is called magnetism, to obtain such influence over a young girl as completely to annihilate her will. Castellan boasted of his magnetic power while standing at the bar, and offered to magnetise the presiding Judge. He actually tried to magnetise the Procureur Imperial, and frightened him so much that he angrily ordered the prisoner to lower his eyes. Being found guilty by the jury, he was sentenced to twelve years imprisonment with hard labor.'

Some Reminences of Capt. Henry Wirz the Andersonville Jailor.

This catiff was formerly a resident of Louisville, and in the employ, fourteen years ago, of Dr. E. Capari, a highly respected German homoeopatist of this city. The Doctor, at that time, kept a water-cure establishment, at the corner of Guthrie and Second streets. Wirz had charge of the baths, and to some extent of the books of the establishment, being authorized to make out and collect bills that were due. Dr. Caspari represents him as a fawning, cringing 'Uriah Heep' sort of a fellow, at this time, with a sneaking look, as if afraid to meet the scrutiny of an honest face. He did not, however, suspect him of further dishonesty at first. But presently he found his accounts running short. Moneys that should be receiven, were not. The matter was carefully investigated, and the result found to be that Wirz had for a considerable time collected bills, appropriating what he had received to his own uee, and making false entries in the books, to cover up the deceit he was practicing. The Doctor taxed Wirz with the fraudelent acts.—The man confessed, and without other punishment inflicted upon him, he was preemptorily dismissed from the establishment.

The fellow took his way to Mississippi, to the plantation of a former patient of Dr Caspari, at his water cure here, by the name of Marshall, and, putting on a bold face, stated that he had become a homoeopathie doctor, and proposed to settle in Mississippi to practice his profession. The story was not distrusted. The planter's family received him cordially, aided him with their influence, which was important in the section, and the consequence was that he fixed himself in the neighborhood to doctor people who, there as elsewhere, often mistake plausibility for skill, and acquired a lucrative practice, so his acquaintances in Louisville were astonished to hear. Beyond this nothing had been heard here for several years of Doctor Henry Wirz.

Reorganization of Yadkin County.—According to previous notice, the following Justices of the Peace, appointed by Gov. Holden, were qualified at Yadkinville, on the 15th inst.:

Jeff Glenn, Major Hunter, Jos Williams, Jun., Geo Carver, Theodore Griffith, Tyre Glen, Adam Hauser, Jas R Dodge, Amos L Hutchings, S O Welch, A Speer, Isaac Brown, J L Rush, F W Hall, Winston Fleming, Alfred Hampton, L J Messick, Thos Harvell, Lewis York, J A Martin, Moses Gross, J B Johnson, Elbert Wells, J D Holcomb, B H Johnson, E D Swaim, W W Myers, Thos Williams, H C Fotts, A S Speer, B C Myers, T L Tulbert, J H Johnson, John Algood, Daniel Hoots, E Benbow, B B Benham, T S Martin, Isaac Jarrett.

County Officers Elected.—Sheriff, E C Roughton, C C Clerk, J G Marler; County Attorney, John M Cloud; County Trustee, R G Howell; County Surveyors, J R Taylor, W W Patterson; Register, T L Tulbert; Coroner, A H Thommasson.

Special Court.—Jas R Dodge, Chairman; J D Holcomb and A Speer.

The reported intention of Spain to renew the war against the Dominican republic may meet with opposition from an unexpected quarter. Our Washington advices are to the effect that the United States may have something to say to Spain about this matter. The first attempt upon San Domingo occurred at a time when we could not afford to interfere, but perhaps President Johnson may think we are now in a position to be consulted, at least when a European power purposes to send fleets and armies to co quer adjacent territory. The right kind of a document, addressed to the court of Madrid, might convey a hint which, perhaps, would be understood by the imperial sojourner at Plombieres.

CONVENTION CANDIDATES.

Peyton P. Williams, of Wake, announces himself a candidate for the office of Assistant Doorkeeper of the ensuing Convention. aug30-td*

John H. Hill, of Randolph, announces him self a candidate for Assistant Doorkeeper of the ensuing Convention. aug24-td

Daily Standard copy till day.

We are authorized to announce W. H. HOOD, Esq., as a candidate in the county of Wake, for the State Convention—subject to the action of a county convention, should one be called. aug11-td

We are authorized to announce JOHN L. PENNINGTON, of Wake, as a candidate for the State Convention—subject to a county convention, should one be called. aug11-td

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE!

The Original and Best in the World! The only true and perfect Hair Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. Produces immediately a splendid Black or natural Brown, without injuring the hair or skin. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. Also,

REGENERATING EXTRACT OF MILLEFLEURS, for Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.

aug14-1y CHARLES BATCHELOR, New York.

COLGATE & CO.

Beg to inform their customers that they still continue the manufacture of their various styles of **Family and Toilet Soaps, Starch, and Candles.**

COLGATE & CO.,

y31-3m Nos. 53 & 55 John St., New York.

WANTED—One thousand bushels FLAXSEED. aug16-1m DR. W. R. MILLER.

Standard and Sentinel copy.

Proposals

FOR THE PURCHASE OF Horses, Mules, Wagons and Harness.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
Department of North Carolina,
Raleigh, August 14th, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on Tuesday, September 5th, 1865, for the purchase of a large number of Horses, Mules, Wagons and Harness.

The property will be free for the inspection of bidders at Charlotte, Raleigh and Newbern, N. C., from the 20th of August until the day of sale.

Horses and Mules will be put aside in lots of 12, 24, and 48, each; the Wagons in lots of 2, 4 and 8 each; and the Harness in lots of 12, 24 and 48 single setts, each. Proposals will only be considered for the whole of each separate lot.

A number of Four-Mule and Six-Mule Teams, with Harness and Wagons, will also be set aside at each point named, and proposals received for single Teams, with the Wagons and Harness complete.

Proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, at Raleigh; and should be endorsed—"proposals for the purchase of public property."

The right is reserved to reject all bids that may be offered.

Successful bidders will be notified in person or by telegraph; and will be required to remove the property on or before September 8th.

Full information, and blanks for proposals, will be furnished on application by letter or in person to the undersigned, or to Lieut. Simpson, A. A. Q. M., Charlotte; Capt. A. M. Garoutte, A. Q. M., Raleigh; Captain U. H. Wheeler, A. Q. M., Newbern; and Captain D. W. H. Day, A. Q. M., Raleigh.

Payment must be made in Government funds on the delivery of the property.

All Mules offered in this manner are sound and serviceable—a large proportion of them far superior to any offered for sale at auction in the Department. This will be the only opportunity planters and others will have of purchasing this class of stock from the Government.

J. F. BOYD,
aug15-td Col. and Chief Quartermaster.

PIONEER LAND OFFICE.

L. P. OLDS & CO.

Principal Office . . . . RALEIGH, N. C.

SPECIAL AGENCIES:

Wilmington, New Berne, Goldsboro, Greensboro, Salisbury, Charlotte.

335 Atlantic St., New York, and 123 South St., Philadelphia.

AGENTS IN ALL COUNTIES—SHERIFFS ACTING WHERE THERE ARE NO SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Our Agents all receive like compensation, viz: one (1) per cent commission on all sales through their Descriptive Lists or Applications.

BEGINNING immediately after the war collapsed, we continue to receive applications from buyers and sellers of Real Estate, and invite a still more extended use of this cheap, convenient, liberal, and satisfactory

PLAN OF BUSINESS.

Parties can communicate through agents, or direct.
Rules in the hands of all Agents.
Titles guaranteed according to our rules. (No. 14.)

FOR SALE.

Cotton, Tobacco, Turpentine, Corn, Mining and other Lands, Mills, Town Property, &c., &c.

All enquiries promptly answered with Maps, Diagrams and Sketches, if required.

***Owing to accumulating business of other kinds, I would beg to transfer the management of the Land Office to my son, Mr. G. E. OLDS, for whose skill, tact and energy I can vouch. L. P. OLDS.

L. P. OLDS' Law Office at same place (for the present) Hon. R. W. Miller's office, east of the capitol.
aug3-1m

NEWBERN ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. E. AMYETT,
SOUTH FRONT STREET,
NEWBERN, N. C.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FAMILY GROCERIES, DOMESTICS, HATS, SHOES, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, LIQUORS, &c.

I am receiving the above articles fresh by Steamers from New York and Baltimore.

GIVE ME A CALL.
jy 14-3m

LEOPOLD BAER,
MIDDLE STREET,
(BETWEEN POLLOK AND BROAD,)
NEWBERN, N. C.,
Keeps constantly on hand one of the largest stocks of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES, &c., at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
to suit in North Carolina.

He has just moved to his large and commodious
NEW STORE,
where his immense stock can be displayed to advantage; and he invites his old customers and the public to give him a call. jy 14-3m

C. W. ROSE & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES, LIQUORS, TEAS, COFFEE, SUGAR, ASSORTED GROCERIES, FISH AND PROVISIONS,
CRAVEN STREET,
(BETWEEN SOUTH FRONT AND POLLOK,)
Newbern, N. C.

Merchants and Traders sending orders to be shipped by express, will have them promptly filled at a slight advance on New York prices. jy-17-3m

HOUGH & CO.,
(Late W. C. Hamilton & Co.,)
Corner South Front and Middle Streets,
Newbern, N. C.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CROCKERY, FURNITURE AND HARDWARE.
jy 14-6m

Leland, Biglow & Co.,
COMMISSION
—AND—
FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
—AND—
Cotton Factors,
AND DEALERS IN
BAGGING, ROPE, TWINE
AND OTHER GOODS SUITABLE FOR
COTTON PLANTERS,
POLLOK STREET,
(Near East Front St.,)
NEWBERN, N. C.
jy 14-tf

Borland, Biglow & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
BAGS & BAGGING,
NO. 7 BEAVER STREET,
NEW YORK.
—:o:—
Liberal CASH ADVANCES made on consignments of COTTON, NAVAL STORES and other MERCHANDISE to the above House, by
LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,
POLLOCK ST., NEAR EAST FRONT ST.,
NEWBERN, N. C.
jy 14-tf

NOTICE TO COTTON PLANTERS.
NEWBERN STEAM
COTTON GIN COMPANY.

THIS COMPANY HAVING MADE LARGE ADDitions to their works and erected large Warehouses, are prepared to Gin, Press. Bale and Store Cotton on very favorable terms the coming season, and would call the attention of cotton growers to the fact that in consequence of the low price of cotton, our prices will be greatly reduced from those of last season, and they will find it for their interest to give us a call. We would respectfully solicit their patronage.

LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,
Corner Pollock and East Front Sts.,
jy 14-tf Newbern, N. C.

JNO. F. FOARD. W. H. CUNINGGIM.
Foard & Cuninggim,
Forwarding & Commission Merchants
Near Old County Wharf,
NEWBERN, N. C.
aug9-1m

H. J. MENNINGER,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
CORNER OF POLLOK AND MIDDLE STS.,
NEWBERN, N. C.
(The old stand of J. Gooding and I. Disosway.)
jy 14-3m

NEWBERN ADVERTISEMENTS.

PEOPLES' LINE STEAMERS.
(Carrying the U. S. Mail,)
Inland Route for
NORFOLK,
RICHMOND,
BALTIMORE,
WASHINGTON,
PHILADELPHIA,
And NEW YORK.

THE STEAMERS

ARGO,	Captain	Willis Tillet
WASHINGTON IRVING,	"	John Pugh.
ROCKLAND,	"	Williams.
GAZELLE,	"	Robert Byass
NEW BOAT,	"	M. Slacum.

One of the above steamers will leave the GASTON WHARF, Newbern, N. C., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 a. m. Returning, will leave NORFOLK Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, on the arrival of the boats from Baltimore.

FARE:

From New Berne to Norfolk,	$10 00
" " " " Richmond,	12 50
" " " " Baltimore,	16 00
" " " " Philadelphia,	20 00
" " " " New York,	24 00

Passengers by this route can reach New York in forty hours from New Berne, avoiding all sea dangers.

For freight or passage apply at the office at RULIFSON'S Store, corner of South Front and Middle streets.

Government transportation received on this line.

GEORGE OLNEY,
aug14-tf Proprietor.

Hulbert & McLean,
Have removed to the well known
EMMET CUTHBERT STORE,
Corner of Pollok and Middle Sts.,
NEW BERN, N. C.,
And have opened a very large and fresh stock of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Which they will sell at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, at
REASONABLE PRICES!

WE also are prepared to receive Consignments of
COTTON and OTHER PRODUCTS,
Make liberal advancements upon the same and ship to the New York market.

The highest market price and prompt returns guaranteed in all cases.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:
Hulbert & McLean,
At the large Brick Store,
Corner of Pollock and Middle Streets.
New Bern, Aug. 3, 1865-3m

WILEY F. HIGGINS,
Having resumed his old business of the
Dry Goods Trade,
Would be pleased to see his friends at HULBERT & McLEAN'S, at the Emmet Cuthbert Store,
Cor. Pollock and Middle Sts., NEW BERN.
aug3-3m

HUGHES & DILL,
Commission & Shipping Merchants,
Newbern, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES and Tobacco, will have our prompt attention.

Agents for Murray's Line of Steamships to New York, and sailing vessels for Baltimore and Philadelphia.

T. J. Hughes, Newbern. G. W. Dill, Moorehead City.
jy 8-tf

DENTISTRY.

Dr. I. S. FOGG, Dentist, New Berne, N. C., is prepared to perform all operations pertaining to DENTISTRY. Artificial Teeth inserted on gold, platina, rubber or silver, from one to an entire set.

TO DENTISTS he would respectfully say that he is prepared to supply them with Teeth (both Plate and Rubber) from the Dental Depot of Rubergome, Stockton & McCurdy, No. 825 Arch st., Philadelphia, at reasonable rates. Office corner Pollock and Middle sts.
aug3-1m

SECRET WONDERS!

NO. 1. Ventriloquism made easy, and the secret of horse-taming. No. 2. Fortune-telling by cards and gambling exposed. No. 3. How to make whiskers and moustaches grow, and how to make artificial diamonds. No. 4. How to procure whiskers and moustache in six weeks. No 5. How to cut off your nose and how to detect gold and silver counterfeits. No. 6. How to make lumineus ink, which shines in the dark; magical copying paper, artificial gems, sapphire, imitation gold, silver, &c. No. 7. How to make artificial lightning, a lamp that will burn for twelve months; and how to make cider without apples. No. 8. How to fatten a horse in three weeks; and secret of catching birds, foxes, minks, muskrat, fish, &c. No. 9. Imitation liquors, cider champaigne, Cognac brandy, Rochelle brandy, peach and apple brandy, rum, whiskey, port wines, Holland gins, &c., &c. No. 10. How to light a lamp with ice and how to prepare a fountain of fire No. 11. How to produce a mouse from a pack of cards; how to eat tow and set it on fire in your mouth: and a nut trick. No. 12. How to take feathers out of an empty handkerchief; how to change a pack of cards into all manner of pictures; how to make a card pass from one hand to another. No. 13. How to cut off a man's head and place it on a platter a yard from his body; the new and beautiful art of transferring on to glass, colored or plain engravings, photographs, lithographs, water colors, oil colors, crayons, steel plates, newspaper cuts, mezzotinte, pencil writing, show cards, labels, or in fact anything.

The tricks of any of the above numbers will be fully explained for only One Dollar, or all of them for Five Dollars. Post paid and sent securely sealed.

Address: PROF. L. M. NACENEE,
aug22 3m (Box 12) Greensboro, N. C.

ALES.
* * * * * * * *
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* * * * * * * *
MACPHERSON & DONALD SMITH,
(Late styled Smith & Brother,)
New York.

BREWERS OF
EAST INDIA AND BITTER PALE ALES, FOR CITY AND SOUTHERN USE.

These ales are of improved quality, brewed with great care, pleasant, nutritive and strengthening, and can be relied on for purity.

Brewery, West 18th st., between 7th and 8th avs.
jy 15 3m

CASTINGS.

TO accommodate the public the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company will make CASTINGS of any kind when the Patterns are furnished at their shops.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
aug22-tf Gen'l Sup't.

Standard and Sentinel copy till forbid.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

BENNETT, VANPELT & CO.,
23 White Hall St.
NEW YORK.

Alfred R. Bennet, T. C. Vanpelt, New York. | C. H. Bennett, at B. P. Williamson & Co's, Raleigh, N. C.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT
FOR THE SALE OF
COTTON, TOBACCO, COTTON YARNS, CLOTH, AND NAVAL STORES.

Freight and Taxes arranged and Insurance effected by Railroad and Sea to New York.

B. P. Williamson & Co., Raleigh, will furnish information concerning Taxes, Shipment, &c., for consignments to the above parties.

REFER TO
New York—President Atlantic Bank, Fenner, Bennett & Bowman, John McKellop, W. J. Barney & Co.
Raleigh—Dr. W. J. Hawkins, President Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, Battle, Heck & Co., J. M. Heck, Esq., B. P. Williamson & Co.
jy 13-2m

***Standard and Record copy. [4 squares.]

SHAFER & NORWOOD,
—:o:—
A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. | P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.
—:o:—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
OFFICE
No. 5 Water St.
NEW YORK.
—:o:—

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains, and all other Southern Products solicited.

Orders from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters, and others will receive our prompt, individual attention.

—:o:—
REFER TO
Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro', N C.
W J Hawkins, President R & G R R.
McIlwaine, Son & Co, Petersburg, Va.
Donnans & Johnson, Petersburg, Va.
Martin & Tannahill, Petersburg, Va.
E A Vogler, Esq, Salem, N C.
R B Richardson, Esq, Rockingham.
June 8-3m

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865.
The Great Invention of the Age in
Hoop Skirts.

J. W. BRADLEY'S NEW PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC, (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION CONSISTS OF DUPLEX (OR two) Elliptic Pure Refined Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, elastic and durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break, like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape more than twice as long as any Single Spring Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any Lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm-Chairs, for Promenades and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A Lady having Enjoyed the Pleasure, Comfort and Great Convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with 3 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant Corded Tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the lightest, most desirable, comfortable and economical Skirt ever made.

WESTS', BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) Proprietors of the Invention, and sole manufacturers, 97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Streets, New York.

For sale in all first-class stores in this City, and throughout the United States and Canada, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America and the West Indies.

Inquire for the Duplex Elleptic (or double) Spring Skirt. May 10-tf

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
TOBACCO, RAW COTTON, COTTON YARNS, CLOTHS, AND NAVAL STORES,
79 Pearl Street, New York.
Orders Solicited for the Purchase of Goods.
Ros't R. Swepson, New York City.
San'l G. Murphy, New York City.
Cyrus P. Mendenhall, President Farmer's Bank, Greensboro', N. C.
Thomas J. Sumner, Company's Shops, N. C.
Dan'l Worth, Company Shops, N. C.
Geo. W. Swepson, Haw River P. O., N. C.

***Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.
je 27-6m

READ BROTHERS & CO.,
STRAW GOODS, HATS, CAPS, Etc.
—:o:—
380 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK,
W. B. SYMMES.
Jun 1-6m

LATEST NEWS.

The Wirz Trial.

Ketchum in the Tombs.

Railroad Disasters.

Pardons—Jeff. Davis.

Revenue—Bank Statements, &c.

TRIAL OF HENRY WIRZ.

The trial of Henry Wirz, who had charge of the Andersonville prisoners, was resumed Monday morning, at the Court of Claims rooms, in the Capitol building. The room was crowded to such an extent that several of the ladies were compelled to stand.

At 10 a. m. the prisoner was brought in, and took his seat under guard.

Mr. Hayes, one of the phonographic reporters of the court, read the testimony of yesterday, during which time the prisoner held frequent consultations with his counsel.

At fifteen minutes past eleven Robert H. Kellogg, who was sworn and testified on Saturday, was called to the stand.

The evidence of Kellogg and others occupies two closely printed columns of the *Chronicle*. Upon a hurried glance over the testimony we do not observe that any very startling facts were elicited. There were several sharp passages in court, and the prisoner's counsel abandoned his case again. The court adjourned until ten o'clock yesterday.

KETCHUM IN THE TOMBS.

New York, August 28.—Ketchum, the forger, was arraigned to-day before Justice Hogan, in the Magistrate's private room in the Tombs, where none were admitted but those specially interested in the case.—Among those present were Messrs. Charles Graham, John Sedwick, District Attorney Hall, and about half a dozen Wall street men. The prisoner asked for an adjournment for a few days, as the witnesses could be expected as counsel had not yet appeared. Mr. Hall agreed to an adjournment till Monday next, and moved that the prisoner be committed to the Tombs until that time, and this was agreed to.

ALABAMA RAILROAD ACCIDENT—FURTHER PARTICULARS.

Nashville, August 26.—The following are the latest details of the frightful railroad disaster which occurred on the Tennessee and Alabama railroad yesterday.

As the morning train was passing over the trestle at Richmond Neck, 70 miles south of Nashville, the trestle suddenly gave way and precipitated the train into the creek,

Up to 6 o'clock 12 dead bodies and 80 wounded had been recovered from the wreck.

A car containing 30 negroes is still under water.

Quite a number of passengers were missing.

A large gang of men has been sent forward to clear away the wreck, and all that is possible will be done for the relief of the wounded.

The utmost excitement exists here, as many well-known citizens are supposed to have been on the train.

No names have been received as yet.

ASKS FOR PARDON.

The Washington *Star* says that Gen. Wade Hampton has applied for pardon.

The Petersburg *Express* of yesterday says: We are pleased to learn as we do from Washington papers received last night, that the President on Monday granted pardons to Messrs. Andrew and John Kevan, of Petersburg, two of our most worthy and esteemed citizens.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENTS.

New York, August 28.—The weekly bank statement shows a decrease of loans, $1,400 000; specie $3,500,000; increase in circulation, $290,000; deposits, $4 400,000; legal tenders, $8 000.000.

BURNING OF A COTTON FACTORY.

Cairo, Illinois, Aug. 27.—The steamer Darling, en route to Cincinnati, has 987 bales of cotton.

Page & Co's cotton factory at Memphis was burned on the 24th. Loss $10,000.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 28—Hale & Robbins' elevator, containing about 50 000 bushels of grain, was destroyed by fire last night. The loss is about $70,000. The contents of the building were fully insured.

ADDRESS BY GEN. HOWARD.

Chicago, Aug. 28—Maj. Gen. Howard addressed a large concourse of citizens at Bryan Hall last night, in behalf of the Freedmen's Aid Commission.

He leaves this city to-morrow for Washington.

GOV. BROUGH.

Cleveland, Aug. 28.—Gov. Brough is much worse. There is no hope of his recovery. Death may occur at any moment.

FIRE IN NASHVILLE.

Nashville, Aug. 26.—Last night the large tin establishment of Messrs. McClure & Buck was totally destroyed by fire. Estimated loss, $75,000.

Hon. James O. Shackleford has been appointed Judge of the Supreme Court of Middle Tennessee, vice Houston, resigned.

ANOTHER RAILROAD DISASTER.

New York, August 28.—A collision occurred on the Long Island Railroad this morning, about ten o'clock, near Jamaica. Two engines, the General Grant and General Sherman, attached to the respective trains, were smashed. Two cars of the trrains going up were piled on the cars of the other train, but not much damaged. The engineers of both trains escaped uninjured. The cause of the collision was that the engineer of the up train, instead of stopping at Winfield, as he should, went on to Jamaica. Four or five persons were killed, and quite a number injured. The water-boy was badly crushed.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts from internal revenue for the week ending August 26, 1865, amounted to over seven millions.

Lincoln Stephens and ex-Governor Joe Brown, of Georgia, had an interview with the President Monday, with a view of procuring the pardon of A. H. Stephens, of whom the first named is a brother. Mrs. R. M. T. Hunter, accompanied by Secretary Seward, also had an interview for the purpose of procuring the release of her husband, who is now a prisoner of State at Fort Pulaski. It is said he desires to leave the United States never to return.

POSTAL APPOINTMENTS.

Reopen office at Jamestown, Guilford county, and appoint Miss Mary R. Harris postmistress, in place of J. W. Field. The site is now changed to the depot.

HON BEDFORD BROWN.

Hon. Bedford Brown arrived at Washington on the 26th and stopped at Williards'.

HEALTH OF JEFF. DAVIS.

On Friday last an officer of authority called on Jeff. Davis who announced himself as in very good health, the only drawback being a corbuncle on his leg and a slight touch of erysipelas. In speaking of Wirz, Davis said that he had never seen or heard of him before his arrest; adding that, from what he knew of Winder, having been a classmate of his at West Point, he did not believe that he would be guilty of such awful acts of inhumanity as are laid to his charge. In other words, he considers Wirz the prime actor and the only rebel officer guilty of the inhuman treatment of our men at Andersonville.

PRINTING.

PROGRESS

JOB OFFICE!

TWO POWER PRESSES

AND OVER

ONE HUNDRED FONTS OF TYPE!

By the accession to our establishment of an entire Printing Office, we now have the largest and most complete

JOB PRINTING OFFICE

in the State, and we solicit work.

WE HAVE A

GORDON JOBBER

and a large

CYLINDER POWER PRESS,

both fast and in excellent order; and with our enlarged facilities we flatter ourselves we can do all kinds of printing as well, and as cheap, as any establishment in the country.

We are prepared to print

HAND BILLS,	SHOW BILLS,
POSTERS,	CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,	TICKETS,
CARDS,	WEDDING TICKETS,
BLANKS,	CATALOGUES,
PAMPHLETS,	LETTER HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,	&c., &c., &c.

We have competent workmen and promptness and dispatch may be relied on in all cases, and we ask a trial from all who have printing to do.

jy10 J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROBT. A. MARTIN. ROBT. TANNAHILL.

MARTIN & TANNAHILL,

129 Sycamore Street, PETERSBURG, VA.,

Will give prompt personal attention to the sale of TOBACCO, COTTON,

WHEAT, CORN,

FLOUR, BACON, &C.

And respectfully solicit consignments from their old friends and the public generally.

We also FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS on the most favorable cash terms. aug7-3m

LUBLIN & STINER,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

51 Sycamore street, PETERSBURG, VA.

aug24-1m*

BERNARD TODD, C. C. PUGH and WM. L. CHIEVES, have this day associated themselves together for the purpose of conducting a

General Grocery

AND

COMMISSION BUSINESS,

Under the Firm and style of

TODD, PUGH & CO.,

A the Old Stand of BRITTON, TODD & CO.,

No. 99 Sycamore st., PETERSBURG, VA.

where they will be pleased to see their old friends and the public generally.

They will keep on hand a well selected stock of GROCERIES.

They also solicit consignments of Country Produce and Goods generally. Liberal advances made on all goods sent them on consignment.

From the long experience of our Messrs. B. TODD and C. C. PUGH, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

BERNARD TODD,
C. C. PUGH,
WM. L. CHIEVES.

aug 1m*

The Daily Express,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

HAS entered upon its Fifteenth year, in an enlarged form, with new type, under auspices highly flattering. It has a large and daily increasing circulation, and offers to merchants and others desiring to communicate with the Southern public, advantages surpassed by none.

ADVERTISING RATES.

ONE SQUARE.		TWO SQUARES.	
Two weeks	$5 00		$10 00
One month	6 00		12 00
Three months	15 00		18 00
Six months	24 00		30 00
One year	40 00		60 00

Persons desiring a greater quantity of space than is above designated, will be accommodated on liberal terms.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Single copy (mailed)		5
One month	do	75
Three months	do	$2 00
Six months	do	3 50
One year	do	6 00

A. F. CRUTCHFIELD & CO.,
Petersburg, Va.

aug18-1m

JUST RECEIVED.

2 BALES—1000 yards—ALAMANCE PLAIDS.
200 Bunches COTTON YARN.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
Fayetteville Street.

aug7 tf

HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

JARRATT'S HOTEL,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

(TERMINUS OF WELDON RAILROAD.)

PLATT & SIMMONS, Proprietors.

JAS. H. PLATT, JR. aug7-3m GEO. C. SIMMONS.

Metropolitan hotel,

GREENSBORO', N. C.

KEOGH & CRANE ..... Proprietors.

Messrs. KEOGH & CRANE having refitted and furnished throughout the popular hotel in Greensboro known as the Brittain House, have opened it under the above name.

They will spare no pains or expense to make it the best hotel in the State. aug28-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

KEMP P. BATTLE. J. M. HECK. B. P. WILLIAMSON.

NORTH CAROLINA LAND AGENCY.

BATTLE, HECK & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL BUY, SELL AND LEASE, ADJUST titles of, pay taxes on, and take general care of all kinds of real estate, gold, copper, lead, iron and other mines, water-powers, &c., &c.

Through reliable agents in every county accurate information will be given about particular localities, tracts of land, &c.

Will likewise undertake collection of debts in North Carolina and elsewhere, by suit or otherwise.

Communications CONFIDENTIAL. Commissions and charges moderate. je14-tf

All papers in the State copy four times and send bills

AUCTION SALES

OF

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

IN THE

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

AUCTION SALES OF HORSES, MULES, ARMY Wagons, Spring Wagons, Harness and other government property will take place from time to time at the principal cities and towns in the State.

These sales will afford farmers excellent opportunities to stock their farms with any class of animals they desire to purchase.

Each sale will embrace a variety of stock, including riding and draught Horses and Mules of every class. A few very large Mules, thoroughly broken to harness, and in fine condition, will be offered at each sale.

The attention of capitalists and dealers in stock is particularly called to the opportunities here presented for profitable investment. Stock purchased for cash at these sales may be sold on credit, with ample security, at a large advance, to farmers who are depending on their growing crops for means to purchase—or may be retained, and sold for cash at a large profit after the crops have matured.

Terms CASH on day of sale.

Sales will continue during the month of August, and will be advertised in this column as soon as dates are fixed.

At GREENSBORO, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 31st, and September 1st and 2d, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. each day.

At GOLDSBORO, on Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 5th and 6th, 1865, under the direction of Capt D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. each day.

At MOREHEAD CITY, on Tuesday and Wednesday, September 12th and 13th, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. each day.

At NEWBERNE, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 24th, 25th and 26th, 1865, under the direction of Capt. D. W. H. DAY, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. each day

At ROXBORO, Person county, on Thursday, August 31st, 1865, under the direction of Captain A. M. GAROUTTE, A. Q. M. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A M.

J. F. BOYD,
jy 24-tf Col. & Chief Q. M., Dep't of N. C.

GEO. Z. FRENCH & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

CUTTER & FRENCH

Fayetteville Street,

(OLD STAND OF TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,)

ARE CLOSING OUT

AT COST.

THEIR EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

CLOTHING,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Hats and Caps,

BOOTS & SHOES,

MILITARY CLOTHING,

MILITARY TRIMMINGS AND EQUIPMENTS,

SUTLER GOODS,

GROCERIES,

&c., &c., &c.

Call and examine this stock before purchasing elsewhere.

jy 17-tf

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

Fayetteville Street, RALEIGH, N. C.,

Solicit consignments of COTTON, COTTON YARN, and all kinds of Merchandize and Country Produce.

g7 tf

Paper for Sale.

RAGS WANTED.

THE Forest Manufacturing Company having supplied their Paper Mill with new machinery, procured a large lot of Chemicals and increased their water power and other facilities are now supplying editors and others with BOOK and NEWS PAPER, equal to any manufactured in the United States and at lowest prices.

Four cents per pound will be paid for clean cotton and linen RAGS, delivered at Forestville, N. C., or at their mill, near Forestville, on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad.

Their Corn and Flour Mill, and their Saw Mill, are also in full operation, and grinding and sawing are done at short notice on the usual terms. For further information address FOREST MANUFACTURING CO.,

aug26-1w Forestville, N. C.

NOTICE.

ON Saturday, September 9th, I will sell at auction, at the Insane Asylum, about 25 head of blooded STOCK HOGS, sows, boars and pigs. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock a. m.

RUFUS K. FERRELL,
aug26-td Steward.

RAILROADS.

THE BEST, MOST EXPEDITIOUS

AND

Most Comfortable

ROUTE

From Charlotte

TO THE

Northern Cities,

VIA

North Carolina Railroad,

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad,

Petersburg & Weldon Railroad

AND THEIR

VARIOUS CONNECTIONS.

Passengers by this line will leave CHARLOTTE at 3 o'clock p. m., arrive at Raleigh 4.30 a. m. Leave RALEIGH 5 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 12 a. m. Leave GASTON 1 p. m., arrive at Petersburg 6.30 p. m., and leave that night for Richmond and the north, or stay in Petersburg, get a good night's rest and take the cars for City Point, connecting with the James River steamers for northern points.

Passengers for western or southern points will leave Petersburg at 5.30 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 11 a. m. Leave Gaston 11 a. m., arrive at Raleigh 7 p. m. Leave Raleigh at 7.40 p. m. and 6 a. m.

Passengers are respectfully requested to get tickets before entering the cars.

No trains on the Petersburg Rail Road on Sundays.

E. WILKES,
Eng. and Sup't N. C. R. R.

A. JOHNSON,
Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R. R.

R. M DUNLOP,
aug21-tf Sup't Petersburg & Weldon R. R.

*** Raleigh Standard, Sentinel, Recorder, Salisbury Union Banner and Petersburg Express publish daily, Charlotte Democrat and Greensboro Patriot publish weekly, till forbid. A. J., Sup't R. & G. R. R.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER 7:40 P. M., Sunday, August 13th, 1865, Trains will run, until further orders, as follows:

GOING WEST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh,	7.40 P. M.
"	Greensboro,	2.17 A. M.
"	Salisbury,	6.45 "
Arrive	Charlotte,	10.10 "

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh,	6.00 A. M.
"	Greensboro,	12.50 P. M.
"	Salisbury,	5.00 "
Arrive	Charlotte,	8.20 "

GOING EAST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Charlotte,	3.00 P. M.
"	Salisbury,	6 25 "
"	Greensboro,	10.15 "
Arrive	Raleigh,	4.30 A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave	Charlotte,	5.25 A. M.
"	Salisbury,	9.00 "
"	Greensboro,	1.05 P. M.
Arrive	Raleigh,	7.30 "

MAIL TRAIN connects, east and west, with the Raleigh & Gaston train for Petersburg and the North and with the U. S. Military railroad for Goldsboro, Newbern, Morehead City and Wilmington

FREIGHT TRAIN leaves Raleigh at 11 A. M., Charlotte 6 00 A. M.,—stopping at Company Shops over night.

The Mail Train only will run on Sunday. Passengers are notified to procure tickets before entering the trains, as additional fare will be collected.

E. WILKES,
aug12-tf Engineer and Sup't.

SCHEDULE

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD,

To take effect Tuesday, June 22, 1865.

GOING NORTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh	5 00 A. M.
"	Mill Brook	5 25 "
"	Huntsville	5 46 "
"	Wake	6 13 "
"	Franklinton	7 06 "
"	Kittrell's	8 12 "
"	Henderson	8 53 "
"	Junction	9 30 "
"	Ridgeway	9 36 "
"	Warrenton	10 15 "
"	Macon	10 37 "
"	Littleton	11 20 "
"	Gaston	12 00 "
Arrive	Weldon	1 00 P. M.

GOING SOUTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Weldon	10 00 A. M.
"	Gaston	11 00 "
"	Littleton	12 45 P. M.
"	Macon	1 34 "
"	Warrenton	1 57 "
"	Ridgeway	2 22 "
"	Junction	2 39 "
"	Henderson	3 22 "
"	Kittrell's	4 03 "
"	Franklinton	4 44 "
"	Wake	5 33 "
"	Huntsville	6 02 "
"	Mill Brook	6 21 "
Arrive	Raleigh	7 00 "

ALBERT JOHNSON,
aug14-tf Superintendent.

Notice.

OFFICE OF THE PETERSBURG R. R. CO.,
PETERSBURG, VA., August 14, 1865.

THE Petersburg Railroad Company are now prepared to transport Freight and Passengers to and from Petersburg, Va., to Gaston and Garysburg, N. C., and intermediate stations. Rates of Freight can be ascertained by application to any of the Company's Agents

Outward Freight must be PREPAID, and inward freigh can be PAID ON DELIVERY at the depot in Petersburg.

At Stations where the Company have no Warehouse, some one must be in readiness to receive shipments on arrival of trains, and at such places freight intended for shipment will only be received for transportation by the Company when the trains are ready to receive it, as the Company will only be responsible for such freight while on their trains. ROBT M. DUNLOP,

aug19-tf Superintendent.

10 DOZEN FRENCH CALF SKINS
15 pounds BLACK SEWING SILK.
10 dozen SOFT HATS.

For sale at B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO'S.,
aug7-tf Fayetteville Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HORACE M. BARRY,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION ERCHANT,

AND

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Provisions, Groceries,

AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

—:o:—

COTTON, NAVAL STORES & OTHER PRODUCTS

Received on consignment for sale in New York,

Or Bought for Cash.

—:o:—

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES

MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS TO

ARTHUR LEARY, - - - NEW YORK.

—:o:—

SIGHT DRAFTS ON NEW YORK

Bought and Sold.

—:o:—

AGENT FOR THE

NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON

Line Steamships

Commander

AND

Starlight.

aug10-3m

THE UNION STORE,

(HUTCHING'S OLD STAND,)

THE FINEST AND LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT IN TOWN NOW OPEN.

PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK, CONSISTING OF ALL KINDS OF

FANCY GOODS, SEGARS, TOBACCO AND PIPES,

—ALSO—

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

LADIES SHOES OF ALL DESCRIPTION,

AND OBLIGE YOUR OBEDIENT SERVANT,

PH. THEIM.

Raleigh, N. C., June 30, 1865-3m

MURRAY & NEPHEW,

COMMISSION AND SHIPPING MERCHANTS,

AND AGENTS FOR MURRAY'S NORTH CAROLINA STEAMSHIP LINE,

62 South Street, New York.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON AND NAVAL Stores will receive our special attention. Consignments made through GEO. W. DILL, Morehead, will be forwarded free of charge.

All orders promptly filled. Having been in the North Carolina trade for over twenty years, we feel competent to satisfy our correspondents in all particulars.

N. B.—Full quotations of our markets furnished.

May 15-tf

C. M. Delamar & Co.,

(Formerly of Baltimore,)

GENERAL COMMISSION

AND

Shipping Merchants,

174 Front Street, NEW YORK,

Solicit consignments of COTTON, TOBACCO, RICE,

NAVAL STORES, &c., &c.,

On which we will make liberal cash advances and prompt returns. aug5-3m

ATTENTION! COTTON OWNERS.

WE CAN SELL 500 BALES COTTON. Parties wishing to dispose of any will send good samples. RICHARDSON & MILLER.

je 29-tf